A Mandarin L2 Learning APP with Mispronunciation Detection and Feedback

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Abstract

In this paper, an APP with Mispronunciation Detection and Feedback for Mandarin L2 Learners is shown. The APP could detect the mispronunciation in the words and highlight it with red at the phone level. Also, the score will be shown to evaluate the overall pronunciation. When touching the highlight, the pronunciation of the learner’s and the standard’s is played. Then the flash animation that describes the movement of the tongue, mouth, and other articulators will be shown to the learner. The learner could repeat the process to improve and excise the pronunciation. The App called ‘SAIT汉语’ can be downloaded at App Store.

Index Terms: computer-assisted pronunciation training, mispronunciation detection, mispronunciation feedback, Mandarin learning

1. Introduction

Pronunciation has always been a challenge in the learning and teaching of Mandarin Chinese as a second language. L2 learners’ pronunciation can be improved when providing sufficient meaningful practice opportunities and quick feedback from the instructors[1]. Adult language learners can still improve their perception and production with enough pronunciation training[2]. However, the lack of qualified teachers prevents students from practicing frequently.

In the field of computer-assisted pronunciation teaching (CAPT), it is helpful to provide the mispronunciation position and feedback for L2 learners, just like human teachers do. To improve the pronunciation evaluation, Witt proposed the Goodness of Pronunciation (GOP) method for phone level scoring[3]. Furthermore, researchers try to detect and diagnosed mispronunciation. Strik studied how to discriminate against the frequently pronounced incorrectly sounds of Dutch[4]. Yimming and Yanlu detected frequent errors in Mandarin Chinese for L2 with DNN and landmark methods[5][6].

With the above technology, a Mandarin pronunciation teaching APP is developed by Beijing Language and Culture University. L2 learners could get the overall score, mistake tendency of their pronunciation with the app. L2 learners can get audio and video feedback for the mispronunciation. A preliminary study shows that after a six-week teaching experiment using the APP at Beijing Language and Culture University, L2 learners can remedy 83.2% of their pronunciation errors.[7]

In the paper, the features and framework of the App will be present in section 2. The performance of mispronunciation detection is described in section 3. Section 4 is the conclusion.

2. Features of the App

The architecture of the proposed App is shown in Fig.1. There are different functions for L2 students and teachers in the APP.

2.1. Mispronunciation detection

When students pronounce to the APP, it detects the mispronunciation in the initials, vowels, and tones of each syllable and distinguishes the pronunciation problems in red at the phone level. Also, the score evaluation of the overall pronunciation is shown in the APP.

Fig 1: the architecture of the App system
2.2. Feedback
Students can check the pronunciation feedback for individual pronunciation. As shown in Figure 1, the student’s "sh" of the first syllable has a pronunciation error. According to the feedback block in Figure 1, the standard pronunciation is "s" instead of "sh". Click on the standard initial and your initial, the student can look at the animation of the pronunciation action and listen to the correct sound of the pronunciation. The students can compare correct and wrong pronunciation through repeated listening, visual comparison, and pronunciation imitation, and then learn the correct pronunciation methods to improve the pronunciation quality.

2.3. Homework
After applying to join the class, students can use the specific textbook to practice pronunciation. The teacher can assign the homework in the textbook. After students submit the homework, the teacher can check the status of students’ completion of homework and check the students’ errors. The system will also provide teachers the learning result analysis.

3. Performance of Mispronunciation Detection
In order to evaluate the App’s performance of detecting the mispronunciation of L2 speech, some experiments were carried on BLCU inter-Chinese speech corpus [8]. 7 speakers from the corpus were selected as the test set. Each speaker has 301 sentences. The total number of phonemes is 26431. The test set has been annotated at the phone level by six annotators who are proficient in phonetics.

Mandarin TDNN chain models developed by CVTE trained on commercial data were used as the baseline model[9]. To improve the robustness of the system, 100 hours of speech data recorded under different environments were used to adapt to the original model. The detecting performance is shown in Fig. 2-3. There are 3 evaluation indicators:

- **False Acceptance Rate (FAR):** the percentage of mispronunciation phones that are accepted as correct.
- **False Rejection Rate (FRR):** the percentage of correctly pronounced phones that are rejected as mispronunciation.
- **Diagnostic Accuracy (DA):** the percentage of correctly detected.

With different thresholds, we can get different FAR, FRR, and DA. It shows that for all thresholds, the performance is improved with more training data. FRR improves more. L2 learners will feel better if FRR is lower. The adaptation system with 79.0% DA is applied to the demonstrated App.

4. Conclusions
In this paper, a novel App for Mandarin L2 learners is shown. In the future, we will improve the performance of mispronunciation detection and the interactivity of animation of the App. And we will test it with more learners.

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6. References